

**NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE INSTRUCTION 10-201**

**AUGUST 19, 2014**

**Operations and Services**

**Digital Services Specification, NWSPD 10-2**

**NATIONAL DIGITAL FORECAST DATABASE and LOCAL DATABASE  
DESCRIPTION and SPECIFICATIONS**

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**NOTICE:** This publication is available at: <http://www.nws.noaa.gov/directives/>.

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1. Updated to NDFD Full Resolution: Sections 4.5 and 4.6
2. Updated NDFD Gridded Access to include Oceanic Domain: Section 4.7
3. Added Precipitation Potential Index to Floating PoP12: Appendix A, Section 3
4. Updated Grid Availability for Snow Accumulation Grids: Appendix A, Section 3, and Appendix B table
5. Updated Definition/Grid Availability for Ice Accumulation Grids: Appendix A, Section 3
6. Updated Grid Availability for Hourly Elements: Appendix A, Section 3
7. Updated Wind Speed Definition: Appendix A, Section 3
8. Updated Significant Wave Height: Spatial and Temporal Resolution; Appendix A, Section 5 and Appendix B, Table
9. Updated the Categorical Convective Hazard Outlook and Definitions for Convective Grid Elements: Appendix A, Section 6
10. Updated Approving Official

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Date

**National Digital Forecast Database and Local Database Description and Specifications**

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## **1 Introduction**

This procedural directive describes the National Weather Service's (NWS) digital data infrastructure, comprised of local digital forecast databases producing digital forecasts from the National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD) at Weather Forecast Offices (WFOs), River Forecast Centers (RFCs) and the National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP). Implementation details for evolving specific products and services from these databases are described in the NWS Product Description Documents (PDD) in accordance with [NWSI 10-102, New or Enhanced Products and Services](#).

## **2 Mission Connection**

Creating and maintaining local and national digital forecast databases are the first steps in utilizing digital technology to provide NWS forecasts in an efficient, convenient, and versatile form to meet user needs for accurate weather forecast information.

## **3 Local WFO Digital Forecast Database Description**

### **3.1 Description**

Forecasters at each WFO use the Interactive Forecast Preparation System (IFPS) software on the Advanced Weather Interactive Processing System (AWIPS) to prepare a local, geospatially referenced (Geographic Information Systems [GIS] compatible) digital forecast database. The local database is comprised of gridded weather elements for their geographic area of responsibility. WFOs and/or Regions determine the optimal spatial resolution for their area, which may be finer than the NDFD.

### **3.2 Purpose of the Local Database beyond Digital Data**

From this local digital database, WFO forecast products are composed, formatted, and distributed via text formatters and other applications. Applications ingest the data and generate local products which are distributed to users through web pages and other means. The common database helps generate a more consistent suite of local forecast products which are easily monitored and maintained. Also, forecasters still have the capability to quality control and post-edit those products, if necessary, before distribution.

### **3.3 Local Digital Forecast Database Update Guidelines**

The local database should be updated at least once a day to include new Day 7 grids. The WFO's local database should also be updated whenever the gridded forecast elements are no longer representative of current or expected weather conditions, especially during periods of high impact weather. Specific local or regional update criteria may be established.

### **3.4 Priority of Local Grids during Active Hazardous Weather**

The first priority of every WFO is to sustain office warning operations to protect life and property. WFOs effectively manage grid production during high impact events such that it does not interfere with critical warning operations.

### **3.5 Local Grid Dissemination**

Digital forecast information from WFO local digital databases will be displayed graphically on WFO web sites in standardized formats. WFOs may use other means of disseminating digital data to meet local user needs.

### **3.6 Local Grid Upload to NDFD Central Server**

Digital forecast information from local databases will be uploaded to a central server (NDFD) and pieced together into a mosaic of regional and national grids.

## **4 National Digital Forecast Database (NDFD)**

### **4.1 Description Definition**

The NDFD is a central database storing geospatially referenced (GIS compatible) digital forecast elements from WFOs and NCEP. The NDFD is a repository of both official and experimental (as defined in [NWSI 10-102, New or Enhanced Products and Services](#)) grid fields. The NDFD provides a foundation for the development of new grid-based NWS products, including the forecast digital database itself.

The NDFD is the primary means by which grids will be made available to users. Users can transform the NWS digital data into a wide range of text, graphic, image products and services.

### **4.2 NDFD Contents**

The NDFD contains base digital data for a variety of official and experimental weather, water, and climate elements generated at WFOs and NCEP. The experimental NDFD data are not an official NWS forecast product. Detailed information can be found at the NDFD resource page at <http://www.weather.gov/ndfd/index.htm>. The status of these grid fields will be clearly denoted as official or experimental within the file or product. The specific grids (and associated resolutions) available in the NDFD are available via the following link: <http://graphical.weather.gov/docs/ndfdSRS.htm>.

### **4.3 Availability, Timeliness, and Completeness**

The NDFD is a dynamic forecast database. Forecast grids are generated and revised on an event-driven basis at WFOs and on a scheduled basis with updates as needed from NCEP. Any new and revised digital data from a WFO or NCEP are sent to the NDFD and made available at the top of each hour. At a minimum, the digital database is updated once a day.

#### **4.3.1 NDFD Monitoring of WFO Grids**

The NDFD routinely monitors for missing or out of date grids from the WFOs and notifies WFOs of the old or missing grids. For a limited subset of those grids, the NDFD will replace the missing or old grid with an equivalent Model Output Statistics (MOS)-generated grid until the local WFO can refresh the database.

#### **4.3.2 NDFD Consistency of WFO Grids**

WFOs are responsible for the inter-office consistency of their local database as well as their portion of the NDFD. In order to reduce forecast database discontinuities along WFO county

warning area (CWA) boundaries, WFOs follow collaboration guidelines through established thresholds as shown at the following link:

<https://ocwww.weather.gov/ndfd/GFE/coordination.htm>.

#### **4.4 Format**

The NDFD data are presented in <http://graphical.weather.gov/docs/datamanagement.php>. The NDFD data are also available via web services (e.g., Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP) and Extensible Markup Language (XML)). Details can be found at:

<http://www.nws.noaa.gov/ndfd/technical.htm>.

#### **4.5 Spatial Resolution**

Spatial resolution of the NDFD grids will be 2.5 kilometers (km) or finer, except 6 km in the Alaska domain and 10 km over the oceanic domain.

#### **4.6 Temporal Resolution**

The temporal resolution of forecast elements varies by forecast projection. Details can be found in Appendix B.

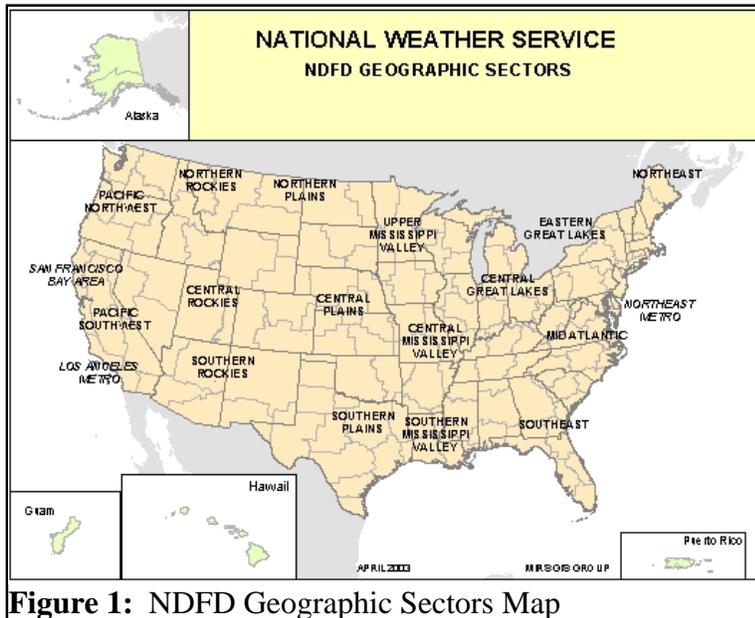
#### **4.7 NDFD Gridded Data Access**

NDFD forecast data can be obtained for the entire conterminous United States or for 1 of 16 CONUS overlapping geographic sectors. There are separate sectors for Puerto Rico, Hawaii, Guam, and Alaska and the Oceanic domain. See Figure 1 for a general depiction of sector locations. Click on the active web link below to access an interactive map clearly depicting the boundaries of the NDFD data sectors.

[NDFD Geographic Sectors Coverage](#)

The data can be accessed from the NDFD File Transfer Protocol (FTP) server by following the instructions provided via the active web link below:

[NDFD GRIB2 Data Access](#)



**Figure 1:** NDFD Geographic Sectors Map

#### 4.8 NDFD Graphic Forecast Displays

The NWS’ NDFD graphic products are derived from a prescribed set of data contained within the NDFD. These graphics are representations of the official NWS digital forecast. The graphics are created on national and regional scales and will follow a standardized format prescribed by the NWS to best meet the needs of its users. The data originate from the WFO, NCEP, or centrally derived databases via the following link: <http://graphical.weather.gov/>.

### 5 Digital Forecast Collaboration

A key component of the digital forecast process is to mosaic digital forecasts into a near seamless set of forecast grids for the entire nation (i.e., NDFD). To attain this goal, local offices and NCEP strive to achieve meteorological consistency among weather elements and meet collaboration thresholds along WFO boundaries. As a result, “ownership” of the NDFD is shared among all those involved in the collaborative process. Appendix A describes the NDFD element definitions. Appendix B describes the NDFD weather element tables.

#### 5.1 Collaboration Technology

All NWS offices and NCEP will use the same software for collaborating. Technical information and procedures for using the most recent software can be obtained from the AWIPS/IFPS program manager at each regional headquarters. Tools, including chat rooms, voice communication, and exchange of graphics in AWIPS and other commonly used formats support the collaboration effort.

#### 5.2 Collaboration Thresholds

WFOs should adhere to a standard set of collaboration thresholds to ensure NDFD coherency, while not sacrificing forecast accuracy. Refer to the following link for the standardized collaboration thresholds for various weather elements:

[http://www.nws.noaa.gov/os/public/NDFD\\_border\\_consistency\\_checks.pdf](http://www.nws.noaa.gov/os/public/NDFD_border_consistency_checks.pdf).

### **5.3 Collaboration Times**

Collaboration may be triggered by a variety of events (e.g., receipt of new observational data, forecast discontinuities, extreme weather events, etc.). However, new model data are the most common triggers of changes to the database beyond the first period. To collaborate effectively, forecasters will keep collaboration tools open at all times.

### **5.4 Collaboration Roles and Responsibilities**

Effective collaboration not only creates a consistent digital forecast database, but it also facilitates the exchange of scientific information. Forecasters are expected to convey their professional judgment and interpretation through meteorological discussions available to users. Each WFO collaborates with NCEP and adjacent WFOs on factors affecting their forecast area of responsibility. WFOs collaborate among neighboring offices to ensure consistency on spatial and timing issues affecting their geographic area of responsibility. WFOs exchange preliminary Inter-site Coordination (ISC) grids to reduce discontinuities before the grids are released to users. Additionally, WFOs collaborate on regional and national scales (i.e., with NCEP) as necessary given the size and scope of the event being addressed. Figure 2 illustrates how the digital forecast process works.

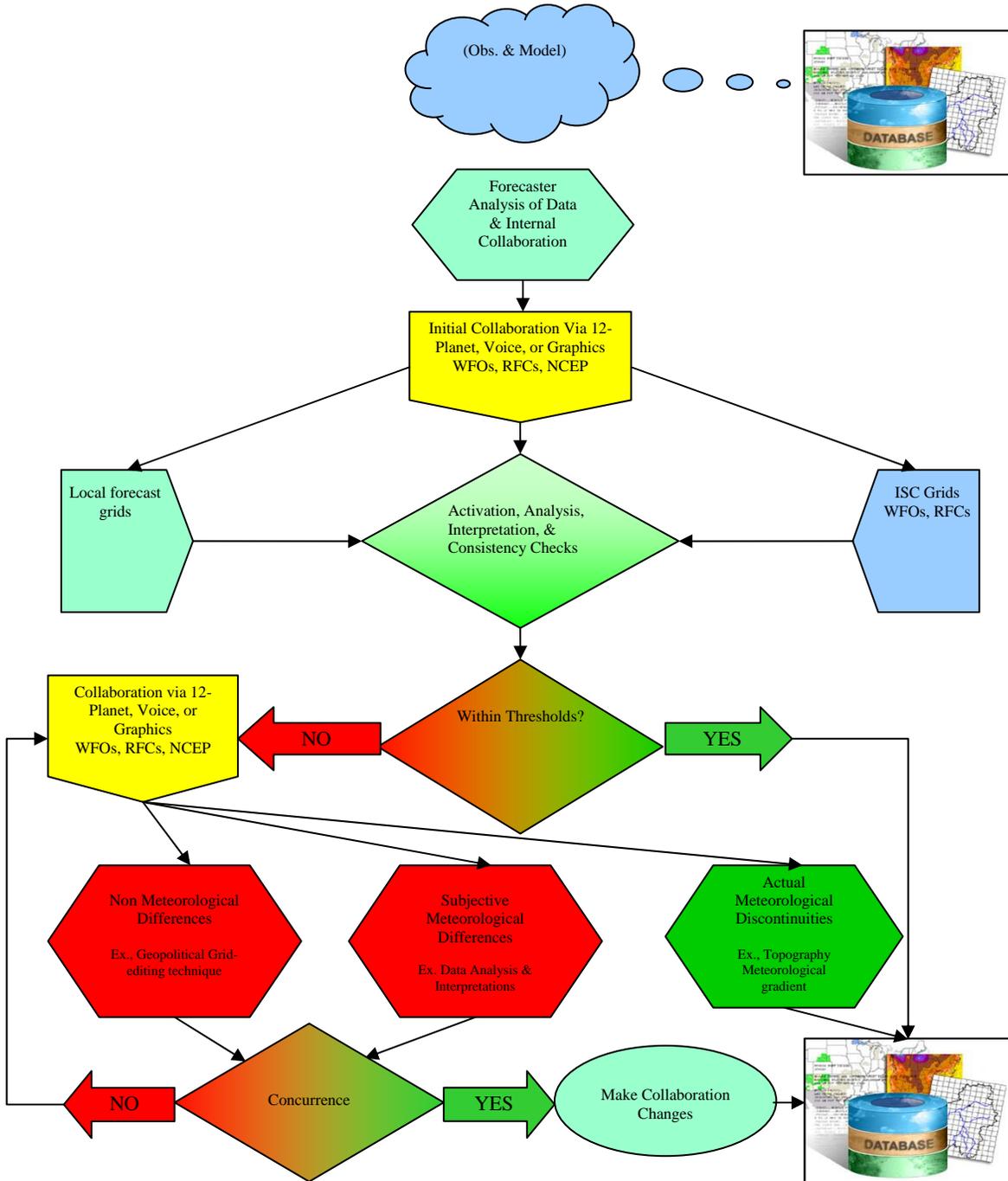


Figure 2: Digital Forecast Process Diagram: New Information & Data

## Appendix A NDFD Element Definitions

### 1 Introduction

This appendix provides descriptions and definitions for all experimental and operational grid elements in the national databases. The grid elements may originate at the Weather Forecast Offices (WFOs), the National Centers for Environmental Prediction (NCEP), or be derived centrally from the NDFD.

### 2 Overarching Grid Element Concept and Guidelines

Element values represent conditions of meteorological fields at the resolution of the grid. They should not be interpreted as exact point forecasts in time and space. Individual elements are sampled at the times defined in the NDFD Grid Availability Table found at the end of this appendix.

Collaboration thresholds are not calculated for an adjacent grid if elevation differences are greater than 1,000 feet. In the Alaska Region, collaboration thresholds are not calculated across the Alaska and Kuskokwim mountain ranges.

Grids that lie on opposite sides of a coastal (i.e., land/water) boundary are excluded from collaboration threshold requirements.

NDFD inter-element integrity checks:  $T_d > T$ ,  $T > \text{Max}T$ ,  $T < \text{Min}T$ ,  $\text{QPF} > 0$  and  $\text{PoP} = 0$ ,  $\text{QPF} = 0$  and  $\text{PoP} \geq 50$ ,  $\text{QPF} = 0$  and  $\text{SnowAmt} > 0$ ,  $\text{Wind Speed} > \text{Wind Gust Speed}$

### 3 Grid Element Definitions (General)

**Max/Min Temp** - The maximum daytime temperature or minimum overnight temperature in degrees Fahrenheit ( $^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). Daytime is defined as **0700 - 1900 Local Standard Time** and overnight is defined as **1900 - 0800 Local Standard Time**. The 1 hour overlap helps cover situations when minimum temperatures occur just after sunrise. In the Alaska Region, daytime is defined as 0500 - 2000 Local Standard Time and overnight is defined as 1700 - 1100 Local Standard Time, to account for extended/decreased hours of daylight in the region.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** *A Maximum or Minimum Temperature grid will be valid for each 12 or 13 hour period (15 or 18 hour period in Alaska Region) out to 168 hours from 00 Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) Day 1.*

**Collaboration Threshold:** *5 degrees (7 degrees in complex terrain, i.e., greater than 500 foot differences in elevation between adjacent grid).*

**Temperature** - Temperature in  $^{\circ}\text{F}$  valid at the top of the indicated hour.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** *Temperature grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.*

**Collaboration Threshold:** 5 degrees (7 degrees in complex terrain, i.e., greater than 500 foot differences in elevation between adjacent grid).

**Dew Point** - Dew Point temperature in °F valid at the top of the indicated hour.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Dew Point grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

**Collaboration Threshold:** 5 degrees (7 degrees in complex terrain, i.e., greater than 500 foot differences in elevation between adjacent grid).

**Relative Humidity (RH)** - Relative humidity in percent derived from the associated Temperature and Dew Point grids for the top of the indicated hour.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Relative Humidity grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

**Collaboration Threshold:** 5% difference when relative humidity values are < 20%; 10% difference when relative humidity values are between 20% and < 25%; 15% difference when relative humidity values are between 25% and < 50%; 20% difference when relative humidity values are between 50% and < 75%; 25% difference when relative humidity values are between 75% and 100%.

**Apparent Temperature** - The perceived temperature derived from either a combination of temperature and wind (Wind Chill), or temperature and humidity (Heat Index) for the top of the indicated hour. Apparent temperature grids will signify the Wind Chill when temperatures fall to 50°F or less, and the Heat Index when temperatures rise above 80°F. Between 51°F and 80°F, the Apparent Temperature grids will be populated with forecast temperature.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Apparent temperature grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

**Collaboration Threshold:** 7 degrees (9 degrees in complex terrain, (i.e., greater than 500 foot differences in elevation between adjacent grid).

**Floating PoP12 (Precipitation Potential Index)** - An NWS internal index from which a PoP12 for any 12-hour period can be derived by taking the maximum floating PoP12 value within the desired period. A floating PoP12 should be considered as that hour's contribution to the PoP12, not as a 1-hour PoP, which has different statistical characteristics. Floating PoP12 values are best stretched over time ranges consistent with other precipitation related elements--ultimately resulting in complete coverage at every hour. Floating PoP12 grids support the generation of PoP12s.

**Hazard Grids** - Long-fused watches, warnings, and advisories issued by the WFOs and National Centers in effect at the appropriate valid time will be included in this *one* grid element. The complete list of Hazards can be found at: <http://www.weather.gov/ndfd/technical.htm>.

The Product Description Document (PDD) is located at:  
<http://products.weather.gov/PDD/HazardsGrid.pdf>.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Hazard grids will be valid at 1 hour increments out to 72 hours when weather warrants the issuance of this grid.

**Collaboration Threshold:** N/A (discrete element).

**Probability of Precipitation (PoP)** - The probability, expressed in percent, of measurable precipitation (at least 0.01 inch) valid for the specified 12-hour period. Trace events are excluded. Valid periods begin at 0000 UTC and 1200 UTC.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** PoP12 grids will be valid for each 12-hour period out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

**Collaboration Threshold:** 20%.

**Sky Cover** - The expected amount of opaque clouds or other opaque phenomena that might be aloft such as elevated smoke layers from wildfires or volcanic ash (in percent) covering the sky valid for the top of the indicated hour.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Sky Cover grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

**Collaboration Threshold:** 25% (35% in complex terrain).

**Wind Direction** - The 10 meter wind direction using 36 points of a compass valid at the top of the indicated hour.

**Wind Speed** - The maximum 3-second wind speed (in knots) forecast to occur within a 2-minute interval at a height of 10 meters. For information regarding WFO-generated wind forecast grids for tropical cyclones, refer to NWSI 10-601, *Tropical Cyclone Weather Services Program*, and Section 9.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Wind Direction and Wind Speed grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

**Collaboration Threshold (Wind Direction):** 45 degrees regular, 90 degrees complex terrain. Enforce if both WFOs have forecast wind speed  $\geq 12$  knots (kt).

**Collaboration Threshold (Wind Speed):** 10 kt difference for speeds  $> 12$  kt and  $< 20$  kt; 15 kt difference for speeds  $\geq 20$  kt. Enforce if at least one WFO has forecast wind speed  $> 12$  kt.

**Wind Gust** - The maximum 3-second wind speed (in knots) forecast to occur within a 2-minute interval at a height of 10 meters. Wind gust forecasts are valid at the top of the indicated hour. When a wind gust is not forecasted for the top of the indicated hour, the wind gust grid will assume the value of the sustained wind forecast.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** *Wind Gust grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.*

**Collaboration Threshold:** *10 kt difference for gusts > 12 kt and < 20 kt; 15 kt difference for gusts >= 20 kt. Enforce if at least one WFO has forecast wind gust > 12 kt.*

**Weather** - The weather (precipitating or non-precipitating) valid at the top of the indicated hour.

**Precipitating Weather** (e.g., rain, freezing rain, ice pellets, snow, etc.) is described as the type of precipitation accompanied by descriptors of intensity, coverage, or likelihood.

**Non-Precipitating Weather** (e.g., fog, haze, smoke, etc.) is described as the type of obstruction to vision (non-precipitating variety) accompanied by descriptors of intensity or coverage. Non-Precipitating Weather is indicated whenever the expected visibility is 6 statute (5 nautical) miles or less. Fog is indicated as being dense whenever the expected visibility is 1/4 statute mile or less over land. All forecasters should use “light” as the default intensity on the Weather grid for Days 1 - 7 unless the predicted meteorological situation warrants a different intensity. The exception is Pacific Region as their tropical location supports a consistently higher probability of moderate or heavy rainfall events and therefore “moderate” default intensity will be assigned.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** *Weather grids will be valid at the top of the hour. They are available hourly out 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, then every 3 hours out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1, then every 6 hours out to 168 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.*

**Collaboration Threshold:** *N/A (discrete element).*

**6-Hour Quantitative Precipitation Forecast (QPF6)** - The expected amount of liquid precipitation (in hundredths of inches) accumulated over a six hourly period. NDFD valid periods are six hours in length beginning and ending at 0600, 1200, 1800, and 0000 UTC.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** *QPF grids will be valid each 6-hour period out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.*

**Collaboration Threshold:** *0.25 difference for precipitation amounts < 1.5, 0.50 difference for precipitation amounts < 3.0, and 1.0 difference for precipitation amounts >= 3.0. Enforce if at least one WFO has forecast >0.25 inches.*

**See Coordination Memo on Quality Control (Q/C) Checks:**

<https://ocwww.weather.gov/ndfd/GFE/coordination.htm> (11/17/06).

**6-Hour Snow Accumulation** - The expected total accumulation of new snow (in inches) during a 6-hour period. A snow accumulation grid will be specified whenever a measurable snowfall is forecast for any hour during a valid period. Valid periods for the NDFD begin and end at 0600, 1200, 1800, and 0000 UTC.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** *Snow Accumulation grids will be available each 6-hour period out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.*

**Collaboration Threshold:** *2 inch difference for snowfall amounts < 6 inches, 4 inch difference for snowfall amounts < 12 inches; and 6 inch difference for snowfall amounts >= 12 inches. Enforce if at least one WFO has forecast > 2 inches.*

See Coordination Memo: <https://ocwww.weather.gov/ndfd/GFE/coordination.htm> (11/17/06).

**6-Hour Ice Accumulation** - The expected average new ice accretion on all exposed surfaces (in hundredths of inches) during a 6-hour period. An ice accumulation grid will be specified whenever at least .01 inch of ice accumulation is forecast for any hour during a valid period. Valid periods for the NDFD begin and end at 0600, 1200, 1800, and 0000 UTC.

The PDD is located at: <http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/winter/ice.pdf>.

*NDFD Grid Availability:* Ice Accumulation grids will be available each 6-hour period out to 72 hours from 00 UTC Day 1.

*Collaboration Threshold:* 0.1 inch difference for ice amounts < 0.5 inches, 0.2 inch difference for ice amounts < 1.0 inch; and 0.4 inch difference for ice amounts ≥ 1.0 inch. Enforce if at least one WFO has forecast > 0.1 inch.

#### 4 Grid Element Definition (Fire Weather)

**Max/Min Relative Humidity** – is the highest humidity value for the 12-hour period from **0600 - 1800 UTC**. The Minimum RH is the lowest humidity value for the 12-hour period from **1800 - 0600 UTC**.

*NDFD Grid Availability:* Maximum and minimum RH grids are valid at 24-hour intervals for 156 hours from 06 UTC Day 1 and 1800 UTC Day 1 respectively.

*Collaboration Threshold:* Same as for RH.

**Storm Prediction Center (SPC) Fire Weather Outlooks** – See the following link for details: <http://products.weather.gov/PDD/ndfdSPCfire.pdf>.

#### 5 Grid Element Definitions (Marine)

**Significant Wave Height** - defined as the average [wave height](#) ([trough](#) to [crest](#)) of the one-third largest [waves](#) valid for the top of the designated hour. Wave Height is the combination of Wind Waves and Swell.

*NDFD Grid Availability:* Significant Wave Height is valid at the top of the hour every hour for the first 36 hours from NDFD issuance time, at 3-hour resolution through three days and at 6-hour resolution through six days.

*Collaboration Threshold:* > 2 and < 6 feet (2), < 12 (3), < 16 (4), < 20 (5), < 24 (6), < 28 (7), < 32 (8). Enforce if both WFOs have forecast > 0 feet and at least one WFO has forecast > 2 feet.

**6 Grid Element Definitions (NCEP Produced for CONUS)**

**8 to 14 Day Average Temperature above Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of above normal (median) categories of 7-day mean temperature at a lead-time of 1 week PoP.

*NDFD Grid Availability: 8 to 14 Day Outlook grids are available at 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time each day with one week lead time. The grid is one projection out to 14 days at a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**8 to 14 Day Average Temperature below Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of below normal (median) categories of 7-day mean temperature at a lead-time of 1 week.

*NDFD Grid Availability: 8 to 14 Day Outlook grids are available at 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time each day with one week lead time. Grid is one projection out to 14 days at a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**8 to 14 Day Total Precipitation above Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of above normal (median) categories of 7-day total precipitation at a lead-time of 1 week.

*NDFD Grid Availability: 8 to 14 Day Outlook grids are available at 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time each day with one week lead time. The grid is one projection out to 14 days at a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**8 to 14 Day Total Precipitation below Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of below normal (median) categories of 7-day total precipitation at a lead-time of 1 week.

*NDFD Grid Availability: 8 to 14 Day Outlook grids are available at 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time each day with one week lead time. The grid is one projection out to 14 days at a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Categorical Convective Hazard Outlook** is a categorical forecast of the potential for severe thunderstorms (hail, damaging winds, and tornadoes) through Day 8. Through Day 3, the categorical convective outlooks include areas of general non-severe thunderstorms, and areas of severe thunderstorms can be up to three categories (slight risk, moderate risk, and high risk). For Days 4 - 8, only one category of severe convection is depicted.

*NDFD Grid Availability: Day 1 grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. Day 2 grids are produced by SPC at 0700 UTC (0600 UTC during Daylight Savings Time) and 1730 UTC. Day 3 grids are produced by SPC at 0830 UTC (0730 UTC during Daylight Savings Time). Day 4 - 8 grids are produced by SPC at 1000 UTC (0900 UTC during Daylight Savings Time).*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**One-Month Average Temperature above Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of above normal (median) categories of 1-month mean temperature at a lead-time of 1/2 month.

*NDFD Grid Availability: One-Month Outlook grids are available twice a month; at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time on the third Thursday of the month (about 1/2 month lead time) and 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time on the last day of the month (“zero lead” time). The grid is one projection with a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**One-Month Average Temperature below Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of below normal (median) categories of 1-month mean temperature at a lead-time of 1/2 month.

*NDFD Grid Availability: One-Month Outlook grids are available twice a month; at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time on the third Thursday of the month (about 1/2 month lead time) and 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time on the last day of the month (“zero lead” time). The grid is one projection with a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**One-Month Total Precipitation above Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of above normal (median) categories of 1-month total precipitation at a lead-time of 1/2 month.

*NDFD Grid Availability: One-Month Outlook grids are available twice a month; at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time on the third Thursday of the month (about 1/2 month lead time) and 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time on the last day of the month (“zero lead” time). The grid is one projection with a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**One-Month Total Precipitation below Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of below normal (median) categories of 1-month total precipitation at a lead-time of 1/2 month.

*NDFD Grid Availability: One-Month Outlook grids are available twice a month; at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time on the third Thursday of the month (about 1/2 month lead time) and 3:00 p.m. Eastern local time on the last day of the month (“zero lead” time). The grid is one projection with a resolution of 5 km.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probabilistic Tropical Cyclone Surface Wind Speed (Cumulative)** is the probability (in percent) of sustained surface wind speed greater than 34-, 50- and 64-kt (3 separate elements) sometime during the specified cumulative forecast period (0 - 6 hours, 0 - 12, 0 - 18, etc.) at each specific point. NOTE: This element is provided for coastal and inland points as well as offshore locations (e.g., buoys).

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are available no earlier than 15 minutes following the issuance deadlines for routine tropical cyclone advisories (03, 09, 15, and 21 UTC) and after special advisories for all tropical and/or subtropical cyclones. The grid increment is every 6 hours out to 120 hours.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probabilistic Tropical Cyclone Surface Wind Speed (Incremental)** is the probability (in percent) of sustained surface wind speed greater than 34-, 50-, and 64-kt (3 separate elements) sometime during the specified forecast period (0 - 6 hours, 6 - 12, 12 - 18, etc.) at each specific grid. These values are incremental since they can increase in value by accounting for the possibility the event might start in an earlier period and still be occurring in the specified period. NOTE: This element is provided for coastal and inland points as well as offshore locations (e.g., buoys).

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are available no earlier than 15 minutes following the issuance deadlines for routine tropical cyclone advisories (03, 09, 15, and 21 UTC) and after special advisories for all tropical and/or subtropical cyclones. The grid increment is every 6 hours out to 120 hours.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probability of Damaging Thunderstorm Winds (Day 1)** is the probability (in percent) of a wind gust 58 miles per hour or greater occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period. The higher the probability, the higher the threat of severe thunderstorm winds occurring.

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. The grid is composed of one projection.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probability of Extreme Hail (Day 1)** is the probability (in percent) of hail 2 inches or greater in diameter within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period. The higher the probability, the higher the threat of extreme hail occurring.

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. The grid is composed of one projection.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A*

**Probability of Extreme Thunderstorm Winds (Day 1)** is the probability (in percent) of a wind gust 75 miles per hour or greater occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period. The higher the probability, the higher the threat of extreme thunderstorm winds occurring.

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. The grid is composed of one projection.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probability of Extreme Tornadoes (Day 1)** is the probability (in percent) of [Enhanced Fujita scale 2](#) (EF2) or greater tornadoes occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period. The higher the probability; the higher the threat of extreme tornadoes occurring.

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. The grid is composed of one projection.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probability of Hail (Day 1)** is the probability (in percent) of hail one inch in diameter (quarter size coin) or greater occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period. The higher the probability; the higher the threat of severe hail occurring.

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. The grid is composed of one projection.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Probability of Tornadoes (Day 1)** is the probability (in percent) of a tornado occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period. The higher the probability; the higher the threat of tornadoes occurring.

*NDFD Grid Availability: These grids are produced by SPC at 0600 UTC, 1300 UTC, 1630 UTC, 2000 UTC, and 0100 UTC. The grid is composed of one projection.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Three-Month Average Temperature above Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of above normal categories of 3-month mean temperature at lead-times ranging from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months.

*NDFD Grid Availability: The Climate Prediction Center (CPC) issues these 13 outlooks simultaneously once a month on the third Thursday of the month at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time. CPC will issue the 13 outlooks with lead times from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months. For example, in mid-January, CPC will issue 3-Month Outlooks for February through April, March through May, April through June, and so on to February through April of the following year.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Three-Month Average Temperature below Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of below normal categories of 3-month mean temperature at lead-times ranging from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months.

*NDFD Grid Availability: CPC issues these 13 outlooks simultaneously once a month on the third Thursday of the month at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time. CPC will issue the 13 outlooks with lead times from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months. For example, in mid-January, CPC will issue 3-Month Outlooks for February through April, March through May, April through June, and so on to February through April of the following year.*

*Collaboration Threshold: N/A.*

**Three-Month Total Precipitation above Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of above normal categories of 3-month total precipitation at lead-times ranging from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** CPC issues these 13 outlooks simultaneously once a month on the third Thursday of the month at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time. CPC will issue the 13 outlooks with lead times from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months. For example, in mid-January, CPC will issue 3-Month Outlooks for February through April, March through May, April through June, and so on to February through April of the following year.

**Collaboration Threshold:** N/A.

**Three-Month Total Precipitation below Normal** is the probability, expressed as a percent, of below normal categories of 3-month total precipitation at lead-times ranging from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** CPC issues these 13 outlooks simultaneously once a month on the third Thursday of the month at around 8:30 a.m. Eastern local time. CPC will issue the 13 outlooks with lead times from 1/2 month to 12-1/2 months. For example, in mid-January, CPC will issue 3-Month Outlooks for February through April, March through May, April through June, and so on to February through April of the following year.

**Collaboration Threshold:** N/A.

**Total Probability of Extreme Severe Thunderstorms (Day 2 and Day 3)** is the probability in percent of EF2 ([Enhanced Fujita scale 2](#)) tornadoes or greater, damaging wind gusts of 75 miles per hour or greater, or hail two inches in diameter or greater occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Day 2 grids are produced by SPC at 0700 UTC (0600 UTC during Daylight Savings Time) and 1730 UTC. Day 3 grids are produced by SPC at 0830 UTC (0730 UTC during Daylight Savings Time). The grid is composed of two projections.

**Collaboration Threshold:** N/A.

**Total Probability of Severe Thunderstorms (Day 2 and Day 3)** is the probability in percent of tornadoes, damaging wind gusts 58 miles per hour or greater, or large hail one inch in diameter (quarter size coin) or greater occurring within 25 miles of any point during the outlook period.

**NDFD Grid Availability:** Day 2 grids are produced by SPC at 0700 UTC (0600 UTC during Daylight Savings Time) and 1730 UTC. Day 3 grids are produced by SPC at 0830 UTC (0730 UTC during Daylight Savings Time). The grid is composed of two projections.

**Collaboration Threshold:** N/A.

## Appendix B - NDFD Weather Element Tables

The following tables show forecast projection times at which samples for NDFD grids are taken from local grids furnished by WFOs. These projection times equate to the minimum grid production requirements for the NDFD. The requirement for hourly grids runs 36 hours from each hourly NDFD issuance. Required projections for other forecasts are from 00 UTC, Day 1 and extend out to a maximum of 168 hours. For some fields, this is a *subset* of the hourly grid requirement needed in the local WFO database for the production of the local text products (requiring local time). Derived fields are indicated by the “\*” symbol.



General Weather Element Grid Availability

Time Projections from 00 UTC, Day 1

Diurnal Day (CONUS)	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	7
UTC Day	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	8
UTC Hour	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	00	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	00	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	00	06	12	18	00	06	12	18	00	06	12	18	00	06	12	18	00	
Hours	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51	54	57	60	63	66	69	72	78	84	90	96	108	120	132	144	156	168							
Max/min temperature	A				A				A				A				A				A				A				A				A								
Temperature	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A				A												
Dew Point	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A				A												
Apparent Temperature*	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A				A												
Relative Humidity*	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A				A												
Probability of Precipitation (12h)*	A				A				A				A				A				A				A																
Sky Cover	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A																
Wind Direction and Speed	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A																
Wind Gust	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A																
Weather (type, intensity, prob/cvrg)	A-----[hourly]-----				A				A				A				A				A				A																
Quantitative Precipitation	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A		
Snow Amount	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	
Ice Accumulation	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

A - Required minimum threshold for NDFD

Program-specific Weather Element Grid Availability											Time Projections from 00 UTC, Day 1																																						
Diurnal Day (CONUS)	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	7									
UTC Day	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	8								
UTC Hour	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	00	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	00	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	00	06	12	18	00	06	12	18	00	06	12	18	00	06	12	18	00									
Hours	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51	54	57	60	63	66	69	72	78	84	90	96	108	120	132	144	156	168															
Max/min Relative Humidity	A		A				A				A				A				A				A				A				A				A														
Significant Wave Height	A-----[hourly]-----											A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A

A - Required minimum threshold for NDFD

\*Derived field